



This is a digital copy of a book that was preserved for generations on library shelves before it was carefully scanned by Google as part of a project to make the world's books discoverable online.

It has survived long enough for the copyright to expire and the book to enter the public domain. A public domain book is one that was never subject to copyright or whose legal copyright term has expired. Whether a book is in the public domain may vary country to country. Public domain books are our gateways to the past, representing a wealth of history, culture and knowledge that's often difficult to discover.

Marks, notations and other marginalia present in the original volume will appear in this file - a reminder of this book's long journey from the publisher to a library and finally to you.

### Usage guidelines

Google is proud to partner with libraries to digitize public domain materials and make them widely accessible. Public domain books belong to the public and we are merely their custodians. Nevertheless, this work is expensive, so in order to keep providing this resource, we have taken steps to prevent abuse by commercial parties, including placing technical restrictions on automated querying.

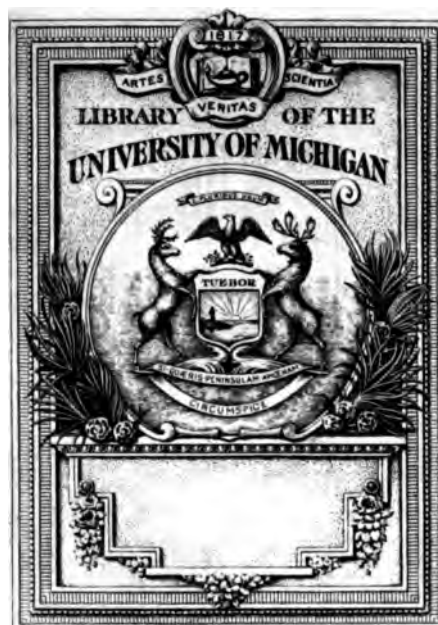
We also ask that you:

- + *Make non-commercial use of the files* We designed Google Book Search for use by individuals, and we request that you use these files for personal, non-commercial purposes.
- + *Refrain from automated querying* Do not send automated queries of any sort to Google's system: If you are conducting research on machine translation, optical character recognition or other areas where access to a large amount of text is helpful, please contact us. We encourage the use of public domain materials for these purposes and may be able to help.
- + *Maintain attribution* The Google "watermark" you see on each file is essential for informing people about this project and helping them find additional materials through Google Book Search. Please do not remove it.
- + *Keep it legal* Whatever your use, remember that you are responsible for ensuring that what you are doing is legal. Do not assume that just because we believe a book is in the public domain for users in the United States, that the work is also in the public domain for users in other countries. Whether a book is still in copyright varies from country to country, and we can't offer guidance on whether any specific use of any specific book is allowed. Please do not assume that a book's appearance in Google Book Search means it can be used in any manner anywhere in the world. Copyright infringement liability can be quite severe.

### About Google Book Search

Google's mission is to organize the world's information and to make it universally accessible and useful. Google Book Search helps readers discover the world's books while helping authors and publishers reach new audiences. You can search through the full text of this book on the web at <http://books.google.com/>





## PRELIMINARY LIST OF SUBJECT SUBDIVISIONS

- (a) UNDER NAMES OF COUNTRIES OR STATES
- (b) UNDER CITIES
- (c) UNDER GENERAL SUBJECTS

Prepared by the Chief of the Catalogue Division

Z  
695  
U46  
1910

L. C. card, 10-35006

20

## PREFATORY NOTE

---

③ 3 - 25-294478  
A preliminary list of subject subdivisions was first issued in 1906. Constant additions necessitated the issue of a new and enlarged edition in 1908. Since then the recataloguing of the Social Sciences, Medicine, Technology, and in part the Fine Arts and Biography, has added a large number of new subdivisions which are incorporated herewith. It is expected that a fourth issue (in 1912?) will include the subdivisions and form lists to be developed in connection with the recataloguing of the remaining classes.\*

J. C. M. HANSON  
*Chief of Catalogue Division*

HERBERT PUTNAM  
*Librarian of Congress*  
*Washington, D. C., March 5, 1910*

\* In March, 1910, Literature, Religion, Military and Naval Science still remain to be recatalogued. Philology, Philosophy, International law, Fine Art, Biography, and Polygraphy are under way.



## SUBJECT SUBDIVISIONS UNDER NAMES OF COUNTRIES OR STATES, AND SUBJECT HEADINGS WITH COUNTRY SUBDIVISIONS

NOTE.—Includes only subdivisions most frequently used.

Subjects in technology, science, and art are usually represented under countries by a "see reference" only, the country being subordinated to the subject. Such subjects are here indicated by black-face type.

### **Administrative and political division**

### **Agriculture**

### **Almshouses and workhouses**

### **Altitudes**

### **Angling. See Fishing**

### **Annexation (under certain countries, e. g. Canada, Hawaiian Islands)**

### **Antiquities**

### **Architecture. See also Art**

### **Archives**

### **Area**

### **Army**

Arrangement of regiments, etc. differs under various countries. For illustrations see France and Great Britain. Under U. S.—*Army*, reference is made for single regiments to U. S. artillery; U. S. cavalry; U. S. infantry; etc.

### **Army—**

#### **Ambulances**

#### **Appointments and retirements**

#### **Appropriations and expenditures**

#### **Artillery**

#### **Artillery—Drill and tactics**

#### **Barracks and quarters**

#### **Barracks and quarters—Lighting**

#### **Biography**

#### **Cavalry**

#### **Cavalry—Drill and tactics**

#### **Chaplains**

#### **Colonial forces**

#### **Commissariat**

#### **Crimes and misdemeanors**

#### **Desertions**

#### **Directories**

#### **Examinations**



**Army—Continued**

Field service regulations  
Firing regulations  
Guard duty  
Handbooks, manuals, etc.  
History. *See also* History, Military  
Infantry  
Infantry—Drill and tactics  
Manœuvres  
Medals, badges, decorations, etc.  
Military life  
Mine companies  
Officers' handbooks  
Officers on detached service  
Ordnance and ordnance stores  
Organization and equipment  
Pay, allowances, etc.  
Periodicals  
Physical training  
Promotions  
Record and correspondence files  
Recruiting, enlistment, etc.  
Registers  
Regulations  
Remount service  
Sanitary affairs  
Signal corps  
Signaling  
Societies  
Statistics  
Supplies and stores  
Surgeons  
Target practice  
Test shooting  
Torpedo companies  
Transport of sick and wounded  
Transport service  
Transportation  
Uniforms

**Arsenals****Art****Association and associations****Asylums.** *See also* Hospitals**Banks and banking****Bibliography.** *See also* name of literature, subdivision Bibliography**Bio-bibliography****Biography****Biography—Portraits****Birds****Botany****Boundaries**

**Building laws****Canals****Capital and capitol**

*Exception:* U. S.—Capitol; Washington, D. C.—Capitol, connected by references.

**Census****Charities****Charters**

Under American colonies, states, and cities. Under foreign countries the form *Charters, grants, privileges* has been used.

**Chronology, Chinese, Egyptian, etc.**

(Mathematical and technical) *See also* History—Chronology.

**Church history****Cities and towns**

Civil and political institutions, etc. *See* Politics and government

**Civil list****Civil service****Civilization****Claims**

Climate. *See also* **Meteorology**

**Coast surveys**

**Coats of arms.** *See* **Heraldry**

**Coinage.** *See also* **Numismatics**

**Colonies****Commerce****Commercial policy****Commercial treaties**

**Conchology.** *See* **Mollusks**

**Constitution****Constitutional history****Constitutional law****Conventions and public meetings****Copper mines and mining****Costume****Court and courtiers****Courts****Craniology****Credit guides**

Credit guides of a particular trade have duplicate entry under name of trade,  
*e. g.* Lumber trade—U. S.—*Credit guides.*

**Crime and criminals****Currency question****Custom-house**

Customs. *See* Social life and customs

**Defenses**

Departmental salaries. *See* Officials and employees—Salaries

**Description, geography**

Substituted for *Description and travel* and *Historical geography* under Greece  
(as distinct from Greece, Modern) Rome, Gaul, and other countries of  
antiquity.

**Description and travel**

*cf.* note under Description, geography.

**Description and travel—**

Gazetteers

Guide-books

Maps

Views

**Dialects.** Under name of language

**Dictionaries and encyclopedias**

**Diplomatic and consular service**

**Diplomatic and consular service—Buildings**

**Directories.** *See also* Registers

**Discovery and exploration**

**Distances, etc.**

**Domestic economy**

**Drama.** Under name of language, *e. g.* English drama

**Ecclesiastical history.** *See* Church history

**Ecclesiastical institutions.** *See* Religious and ecclesiastical institu-  
tions

**Economic conditions**

**Economic policy**

**Education**

**Education of women**

**Educational law and legislation**

**Elections**

**Emigration and immigration**

**Employers' liability**

**Entomology.** *See* Insects

**Epidemics**

**Ethnology****Exhibitions**

**Exiles** (under Siberia, French Guiana, etc.)

**Exploring expeditions** (under U. S. and Canada)

**Finance**

**Fine arts.** *See* Art; Architecture; Music; Painting; Sculpture

**Fisheries****Fishes****Fishing****Folk-lore**

**Folk-songs, English, German, etc.**

**Foreign population**

**Foreign relations**

General works arranged chronologically, followed by works limited to diplomatic relations of two countries, *e. g.* U. S.—Foreign relations—Great Britain.

Foreign relations—Treaties. *See also* Commercial treaties

**Forests and forestry****Fortification****Fruit-culture**

Gazetteers. *See* Description and travel—Gazetteers

Genealogy. *See also* Biography

**Geodesy**

Geography. *See* Description and travel

**Geology****Gilds****Gold mines and mining**

Government. *See* Politics and government

Government property

Government publications

Government vessels

Governors (under states and territories)

Grammar. Under name of language

Guide-books. *See* Description and travel—Guide-books

**Harbors**

Single harbor under name of city or name of harbor.

**Health resorts, watering-places, etc.****Heraldry**

Herpetology. *See* Reptiles

Historic houses, etc.

**Historical geography**

*cf.* note under Description, geography.

**History—**

Addresses, essays, lectures

Bibliography

Chronology

Dictionaries

Fiction

Outlines, syllabi, etc.

Periodicals

Personal narratives (under histories of certain important wars, *e. g.* U. S.—

*Hist.—Civil war—Personal narratives*)

Philosophy

Poetry

Societies

Study and teaching

By periods, reigns, administrations, etc.

History, Comic

History, Juvenile

History, Local

History, Military. *See also* Army—History; Militia—History (under states)

History, Naval. *See also* Navy—History

**Hospitals**

**Hotels, taverns, etc.**

**Hunting**

**Ichthyology.** *See* **Fishes**

Immigration. *See* Emigration and immigration

Indians of the U. S. *See* Indians of North America

**Industrial schools**

Industries

**Insects**

Insular possessions (under U. S. only)

Intellectual life

Internal improvements. *See* Public works

**Internal revenue.** *See also* **Revenue**

**Internal revenue law**

**Irrigation**

**Jurisprudence.** *See* **Law**

Kings and rulers

Under countries which are or have been governed by kings. *cf.* Sovereigns, etc., under certain countries and sovereign states which have not been governed by kings, *e. g.* Russia, Lippe, etc.

**Labor and laboring classes**

**Land tenure**

Language

To be entered under the name of the language, *e. g.* English language. A special list of subdivisions will be prepared in connection with the recataloguing of Philology.

Languages

**Law** (for codes, statutes, etc.)

**Law—History and criticism** (for works about the law)

**Law reports and digests**

Learned institutions and societies

Legal antiquities (under Greece and Rome only)

**Libraries**

Literary and scientific institutions. *See* Learned institutions and societies

Literature

To be entered under the name of the literature, *e. g.* English literature. The main subdivisions to be Addresses, essays, lectures; Bibliography; Collections; History and criticism; Outlines, syllabi, etc.; Periodicals; Societies; Study and teaching.

**Malacology.** *See* **Mollusks**

Manners and customs. *See* Social life and customs

Manufactures. *See also* Industries

Maps. *See* Description and travel—Maps

**Medicine**

**Meteorology**

Military antiquities (under Greece and Rome only)

Military history. *See* History, Military

Militia (under states; also under U. S.)

Militia, Naval. *See* Naval militia

**Mineralogy**

Mines and mineral resources. *See also* Copper mines and mining; Gold mines and mining; etc., etc.

**Missions**

**Mollusks**

Moral conditions

**Music**

**Mythology**

**Mythology, Norse, Vedic, etc.**

**National characteristics, American, English, etc.**

Nationality

Native races

Chiefly for political relations between natives and the government. Not to be confused with **Ethnology**.

**Natural history**

Naval history. *See* History, Naval; *also* Navy—History

Naval militia (under states and U. S.)

**Naval stations. *See* Navy-yards and naval stations**

Navy—

Apprentices

Appropriations and expenditures

Auxiliary service

Biography

Collier service

Crimes and misdemeanors

Desertions

Directories

Drill manuals

Electric installations

Fiction

Fuel

Handbooks

History

Hospital-ships

Lists of vessels

Manning of vessels

Medals, badges, decorations, etc.

Nurse corps

Order-books

Ordnance and ordnance stores

Pay, allowances, etc.

Periodicals

**Navy—Continued**

Physical training  
Promotions  
Recruiting, enlistment, etc.  
Registers  
Regulations  
Sanitary affairs  
Signaling  
Small-boat service  
Societies  
Staff corps  
Supplies and stores  
Target practice  
Trials of vessels  
Uniforms  
Victualing

Some of the above subdivisions are used only under certain countries, *e. g.*  
United States, Great Britain.

**Navy-yards and naval stations**

Newspapers. Under name of language, *e. g.* English newspapers

**Nobility****Numismatics****Occupations****Officials and employees**

Officials and employees—Appointment, qualifications, tenure, etc.

Officials and employees—Salaries

**Ornithology. See Birds****Painting****Paleontology****Patent laws and legislation****Patents**

Peerage (under England, Scotland, Ireland, France. *cf.* Nobility)

**Pensions**

*cf.* subdivisions *Pensions* and *Salaries*, *pensions*, etc. under names of professions, industries, etc. (p. 26, 28)

**Pensions, Military**

Periodicals. Under name of language, *e. g.* English periodicals

**Philosophy****Physical geography**

Poetry. Under name of language, *e. g.* English poetry

**Police****Politics and government**

Politics and government—Text-books (under U. S. and single states of the U. S.)

**Poor**

Population. *See also* Census

**Printing—History**

**Prisons**

Products

Public buildings

Public lands

**Public schools**

Public works

Queens

Race question

**Railroads**Reading books. *See* name of language, subdivision Chrestomathies and readers**Reformatories**

Registers

Relations

General relations and mutual influence of two countries, *e. g.* Italy—Relations (general) with France.*See also* Foreign relations (for diplomatic relations)*Also* Literature, Comparative—[countries] for literary relations (*e. g.* Literature, Comparative—England—France)

Religion

Religious and ecclesiastical institutions

**Reptiles****Revenue**Revenue, Internal. *See* Internal revenue**Revenue law**

Rime. Under name of language

**Rivers****Roads**

Sanitary affairs

Scientific institutions. *See* Learned institutions and societies**Sculpture****Slavery**

Social conditions

Social life and customs

Social life and customs—Illustrations

Sovereigns, etc.

Under certain countries and sovereign states which have never been governed by kings. *cf.* Kings and rulers.**Sports**

Statistics

Statistics, Vital

Surveys

**Tariff****Taxation**

Territorial expansion (under U. S.)



Territories (under U. S.)

**Theaters**

**Tombs**

**Towns.** *See* **Cities and towns**

**Travel.** *See* **Description and travel**

**Treaties.** *See* **Commercial treaties; Foreign relations—Treaties**

**Views.** *See* **Description and travel—Views**

**Water-power**

**Water-supply**

**Weights and measures**

**Zoology**

**SUBJECT SUBDIVISIONS UNDER NAMES OF CITIES, AND  
SUBJECT HEADINGS SUBDIVIDED BY PLACE  
(CITIES OR TOWNS)**

NOTE.—Includes subdivisions most frequently used.

Classes of institutions or establishments, *e. g.* Theaters, Prisons, Hospitals, etc., are represented under names of cities, but not under names of countries—that is to say, a book dealing with libraries in France is entered under subject, Libraries—France; one restricted to the libraries of a particular city, as Paris, under Paris—Libraries.

Whenever the place is to be subordinated to the subject, it is indicated by black-face type. A “see reference” is then made from the name of the city to the subject, *e. g.* Paris—Street-railroads. *See* Street-railroads—Paris; or, Boston—Botany. *See* Botany—Massachusetts—Boston.

Abattoirs. *See* Slaughter-houses  
Almshouses and workhouses  
Ambulance service  
Amusements  
Antiquities  
Arsenals  
**Art**  
Associations  
**Banks and banking**  
Benevolent and moral institutions and societies  
Bibliography  
Biography  
**Botany**  
Boundaries  
Bridges  
**Building laws**  
Business associations  
**Cab and omnibus service**  
Canals  
Carnivals. *See* Festivals, etc.  
Cemeteries  
Census  
Centennial celebrations, etc.

Charities

Churches. *See also* Religious institutions and affairs

City hall

Claims

Climate

Clubs

Commerce

Commercial institutions. *See* Business associations

**Communication and traffic**

Conventions and public meetings

**Courts**

**Credit guides**

Cries

**Crime and criminals**

Description—

    Guide-books

    Maps

    Views

Directories. *See also* Registers

Dispensaries

Distances, etc.

Docks

Ecclesiastical institutions. *See* Churches; Religious institutions and affairs

**Education**

**Elections**

Epidemics

Epitaphs

Exhibitions. *See also* names of special exhibitions

Fairs

Ferries

Festivals, etc.

**Finance**

**Financial institutions.** *See* Banks and banking; Business associations

**Fine arts.** *See* Art

Fires and fire prevention

Foreign population

Fortifications

Fountains

Fourth of July celebrations

Galleries and museums

Genealogy. *See also* Biography

**Geology**

Gilds

Guide-books. *See* Description—Guide-books

Harbor  
Historic houses, etc.  
History  
Hospitals  
Hotels, taverns, etc.  
Industrial schools  
Industries  
Intellectual life  
Labor and laboring classes  
Law reports and digests  
Learned institutions and societies  
Libraries  
Lighting  
Literary and scientific institutions, etc. *See* Learned institutions and societies  
Livery companies (under British cities)  
Lodging-houses  
Manners and customs. *See* Social life and customs  
Manufactures  
Maps. *See* Description—Maps  
Markets  
Memorial inscriptions  
    To be used for markers placed on historic sites, etc.  
Monuments  
Morgues  
Museums. *See* Galleries and museums  
Musical organizations  
    (Special organizations to be found under their corporate names, *e. g.* Apolloclub)  
Official publications  
Orphans and orphan-asylums  
Palaces  
Parks  
Paving. *See* Streets  
Police  
Politics and government  
Poor  
Post-office  
**Printing—History**  
Prisons and reformatories  
Public baths  
Public buildings  
Public comfort stations  
Public institutions (used under a few cities)  
Public lands  
Public laundries

Public meetings. *See* Conventions and public meetings  
Public schools. *See also* **Education**  
Public works  
**Railroads**  
Rapid transit  
Registers. *See also* Directories  
Religious institutions and affairs  
Riots  
Sanitary affairs  
Schools. *See also* **Education**; Public schools  
Scientific institutions. *See* Learned institutions and societies  
Sewerage  
Slaughter-houses  
Social conditions  
Social life and customs  
Social life and customs—Illustrations  
Stables  
Statistics  
Statistics, Vital  
Stock-exchange  
Street cleaning  
**Street-railroads**  
Streets  
    Arranged alphabetically or numerically.  
Suburbs  
**Taxation**  
Theaters  
Tombs  
Topography. *See* Description  
Views. *See* Description—Views  
Vital statistics. *See* Statistics, Vital  
Voters  
Voting precincts  
Wards  
    Arranged numerically.  
Water-supply  
Wharves

## GENERAL FORM DIVISIONS UNDER SUBJECTS

### Addresses, essays, lectures

To include addresses, essays, lectures, whether issued singly\* or in collections, whether by one or more authors. It is to be limited to the class of works specified, *e. g.* works which are usually brief and do not treat the subject as comprehensively or methodically as a regular treatise.

Occasionally the term "essay" is applied to a work which really forms a comprehensive treatise on a subject or branch of a subject. In this case the subdivision is to be omitted. The same holds true of a series of lectures on a particular subject which, issued together, may form a connected and comprehensive treatise, and should therefore be entered under the general subject without subdivision (*cf.* Collected works)

### Bibliography

### Bio-bibliography

### Collected works

Ordinarily for works of one author, but also used in certain cases, especially under scientific and technical subjects, to cover collections of works by different authors.

### Collections

Ordinarily to cover collections of works by different authors, but in certain subjects, especially technical and scientific, to stand for collections of specimens, objects, etc. *Collected works* in that case to cover works by one or more authors.

### Congresses

### Dictionaries

### Directories

### Exhibitions

### Handbooks, manuals, etc.

### History

### Outlines, syllabi, etc.

Restricted to syllabi and outlines presenting the subject in an abbreviated form. Does not include compendious works, manuals, or handbooks which contain a general presentation.

### Periodicals

### Societies

### Statistics

### Study and teaching

*cf. also* the independent headings Agricultural education, Moral education, Technical education, etc.

Under Music and names of instruments, *Instruction and study* has been used.

### Year-books

---

\*A single address, essay, or lecture which deals with a particular phase or subdivision of a subject is to be entered under that, not under the general heading with subdivision *Addresses, essays, lectures* (*e.g.* an address on the history of Medicine is to be entered under *Medicine—History*, not under *Medicine—Addresses, essays, lectures*)

## EXAMPLES OF ADDITIONAL SUBDIVISIONS USED UNDER SPECIAL CLASSES OF SUBJECTS

NOTE.—By way of illustration some of the subjects or classes of subjects under which they apply are specified.

### Abnormities and deformities

Organs and regions of the body.

### Accidents

Automobiles; Building; Coal mines and mining; Labor and laboring classes;  
Railroads; Theaters.

### Accounting

Under trades, professions, industries; and under Finance—[local subdivision]

### Administration

Colonies; Universities and colleges; etc.

### Adulteration and analysis

Drugs.

### Agents

Insurance, Fire; Insurance, Industrial; Insurance, Life; etc.

### Alphabets

Telegraph.

### Amateurs' manuals

Dynamos; Electric engineering; Telegraph; Telephone; etc.

### Analysis

Food; Sugar; Cast-iron; Coal; etc.

### Analysis blanks

Botany.

### Analytical guides

Music.

### Anatomy

Biological subjects.

### Anecdotes, facetiae, satire, etc.

Art; Law; Medicine; Music; Painting; etc.

### Apparatus and supplies

Photography; Telegraph; Telephone.

### Appointments, promotions, salaries, etc.

Under names of departments or institutions. *cf.* Salaries, pensions, etc.; *also*,  
under names of countries, subdivisions Army—Appointments and retirements  
(p. 5); Army—Promotions (p. 6); Navy—Pay, allowances, etc. (p. 11); Navy—  
Promotions (p. 12); Officials and employees—Appointment, qualifications,  
tenure, etc. (p. 12)

### Appropriations and expenditures

Under departments, bureaus, etc.

**Art collections**

Under certain celebrated families, *e. g.* Medici.

**Associations (of employers)**

Under trades, *e. g.* Sheet-metal workers.

**Asylums and education**

Deaf and dumb; Blind.

**Autographs****Bacteriology**

Meat; Milk; Cheese; etc.

**Biblical arguments**

Slavery; Temperance.

**Blanks, forms, etc. *See* Forms, blanks, etc.****Buildings**

Names of institutions and groups of institutions, *e. g.* Hungary—*Universities and colleges—Buildings*; Postal service—[country subdivision] *e. g.* Postal service—*Germany—Buildings*. *cf.* subdivision Public buildings under names of countries and cities (p. 13, 17) and Diplomatic and consular service—Buildings, under names of countries (p. 8)

**Buildings and structures**

Railroads.

**Care and hygiene**

Children; Infants; Eye; Teeth.

**Care and treatment**

Epileptics; Insane.

**Caricatures. *See* Portraits, caricatures, etc.****Cases**

Railroad law—*U. S.*

**Catalogs****Catalogs and collections**

Subjects in Natural history.

**Catechisms**

Churches and denominations.

**Charities, protection, etc.**

Children.

**Charts, diagrams, etc.**

Astronomy; Music.

**Civic improvement**

Cities and towns.

**Civil rights**

Negroes.

**Classification**

Botany; Zoology; Fishes; Insects; etc.

**Collecting of specimens**

Paleontology; Mineralogy.

**Collection and preservation**

Birds; Fishes; Insects; Reptiles; Zoological specimens; etc.

**Commissariat**

Armies. *cf.* subdivision Army—Commissariat, under names of countries (p. 5)

**Conservation**

Engravings.



**Conservation and restoration**

Manuscripts; Books.

**Construction**

Certain technical subjects and musical instruments. *cf.* Design and construction.

**Contracts and specifications**

Engineering subjects.

**Conversation and phrase-books**

Names of languages.

**Conversion tables**

Metric system; Time.

**Correspondence, reminiscences, etc.**

Musicians.

**Corrupt practices**

Elections; Elections—[local subdivision]

**Cost of construction**

Railroads; etc.

**Cost of operation**

Railroads; etc.

**Costs**

Manufactures; Ship-building; etc.

**Costumes, supplies, etc.**

Freemasons; Odd-fellows.

**Credit guides**

Names of trades. Credit guides of a particular locality have duplicate entry under Credit guides—[local subdivision]

**Curiosa and miscellany**

Astronomy; Earth; Solar system; etc. *cf.* Miscellanea.

**Decoration**

Theaters.

**Degrees**

Names of universities, colleges, etc.

**Design and construction**

Dynamos; Electric machinery; Electric motors; etc.

**Designs and plans**

Architecture; Architecture, Domestic.

**Diagnosis**

Names of diseases.

**Diseases**

Organs or parts of the body; names of animals; etc.

**Diseases and defects**

Eye.

**Diseases and hygiene**

Occupations.

**Diseases and pests**

Crustacea; Fishes; Salmon; Sugar-cane; Trees; etc.

**Doctrinal and controversial works**

Churches and denominations.

**Early works**

Generally in scientific and technical subjects for works written before 1800.

Under certain subjects a later date is set, *e. g.* Railroads—Early works to 1850.

**Economic aspects**

Agriculture.

**Education**

Catholic church in the U. S.; Defective and delinquent classes; Jews; Negroes.

**Electrometallurgy**

Copper.

**Elements**

Astronomy; Algebra; Physiology; etc. The form of heading is Astronomy (Elements) In arrangement it precedes the subdivisions.

**Employment**

Children; Woman.

**Equipment and supplies**

Railroads; Electric railroads; Fire departments.

**Estimates**

Engineering; Building; Carpentry; etc.

**Examinations, questions, etc.****Exercises and recreations**

Schools.

**Experimentation**

Agriculture, and cognate headings.

**Experiments**

Electricity; Magnetism; Physics. *cf.* Lecture experiments.

**Explorations and surveys**

Names of railroads. *cf.* Surveying.

**Facsimiles**

Manuscripts; Incunabula.

**Fiction**

Historical and biographical headings.

**Finance**

Railroads; Canals; names of industries; etc.

**Fires and fire prevention**

Under various classes of institutions and buildings.

**Forms, blanks, etc.**

Library science.

**Formulae, receipts, prescriptions**

Medicine.

**Furniture, equipment, etc.**

Hospitals; Schools; etc.

**Gaging and testing**

Liquors.

**Galleries and museums**

Art.

**Government**

Churches and denominations.

**Heating and ventilation**

Greenhouses; Railroads—Cars.

**Heating, lighting, and ventilation**

Library architecture.

**History and criticism**

Literature; Music; Law.

**Hospitals**

Leprosy; Smallpox; etc.

**Hospitals and asylums**

Children; Incurables; Inebriates.

**Hospitals and sanatoriums**

Tuberculosis.

**Hospitals, charities, etc.**

Names of wars. *cf.* Medical and sanitary affairs.

**Hygiene**

Hospitals. *cf.* Sanitation.

**Hygienic aspects**

Cold storage; Sewing machines.

**Hymns**

Churches and denominations.

**Iconography**

Cervantes; Colombo; Fables. *cf.* Portraits; Portraits, caricatures, etc.

**Identification**

Crime and criminals.

**Illustrations. *See* Iconography; Pictorial works; Pictures, illustrations, etc.**

*cf. also* Description and travel—Views (p. 8); Description—Views (p. 16);  
Social life and customs—Illustrations (p. 13, 18)

**Inflammation**

Organs of the body, *e. g.* Brain, Eye.

**Inspection**

Steamboats; Canal-boats.

**Instruction and study**

Music; names of musical instruments.

**Instructions, methods, etc.**

Ethnology; Anthropology.

**Instruments**

Engineering; Surveying.

**Jurisprudence**

Blood; Insanity, and other topics which form special subdivisions of Medical jurisprudence.

**Juvenile and popular literature**

*cf. also* Popular works; History, Juvenile (p. 9)

**Laboratory blanks**

Chemistry; Physics.

**Laboratory manuals**

Scientific and technical subjects.

**Land transfers**

Indians of North America; names of Indian tribes, *e. g.* Iroquois Indians.

**Laws and legislation**

Water; Electricity; Electric engineering; etc. *cf. also* special headings Labor laws and legislation, Industrial laws and legislation, etc.

**Laws and regulations**

Canals—[country or state subdivision]; Postal service—[country subdivision]; Automobiles; Plumbing; etc.

**Lecture experiments**

Chemistry. *cf. Experiments.*

**Legal status, laws, etc.**

Woman.

**Lighting**

Railroads—Cars.

**Liturgy and ritual**

Churches and denominations. *cf. Rituals.*

**Management**

Engineering; Electric engineering; Electric power plants; Railroads; Telegraph stations.

**Manipulation**

Chemistry.

**Manufacture**

Names of articles manufactured.

**Manufacture and industry**

Chemicals.

**Manuscripts**

Music; names of authors, *e. g.* Dante Alighieri.

**Maps, charts, diagrams**

Geography, Economic; Geography, Commercial.

**Materials and instruments**

Writing.

**Medical and sanitary affairs**

Names of wars. *cf. Hospitals, charities, etc.*

**Medical inspection**

Schools. (For general works only. *cf. Sanitary affairs*)

**Metallurgy**

Names of metals; Dentistry.

**Methodology**

Science.

**Methods and manuals**

Manual training; Kindergarten.

**Microscopic editions**

Bibliography.

**Miniature editions**

Bibliography.

**Miscellanea**

Economics; Money; etc. *cf. Curiosa and miscellany.*

**Missions**

Churches and denominations.

**Models**

Locomotives.

**Motormen's manuals**

Electric railroads.

**Museums and collections***Materia medica*; Pharmacy.**Museums and galleries.** *See* Galleries and museums**Music**Bible; Indians; Kindergarten. *cf.* Songs and music.**Navigation**Under names of rivers, etc. *e. g.* Scheldt.**Nomenclators**Scientific subjects, *e. g.* Botany; Paleobotany.**Nomenclature**

Science; Natural history; Botany; Zoology; Geology; Chemistry. To be used for works dealing only with the scientific names of plants, animals, geological formations, etc. *cf.* Terminology, used for works dealing only with descriptive words and phrases. Subjects named above are as a rule to have both subdivisions, *i. e.* Terminology as well as Nomenclature.

**Observations**

Astronomy; Meteorology; Earthquakes; etc.

**Observers' manuals**

Astronomy.

**Operators' manuals**

Telegraph.

**Organization and equipment**

Armies.

**Organography**

Botany; Natural history.

**Pamphlets**

Gt. Brit.—History—[period divisions]

**Patents**Trades and inventions, *e. g.* Automobiles; Bicycles and tricycles; Paper making and trade.**Patterns**

Embroidery.

**Pensions**Names of professions, industries, etc. (*e. g.* Physicians—Sweden—*Pensions*) *cf.* Salaries, pensions, etc.**Pests.** *See* Diseases and pests**Philosophy**

History; Law; etc.

**Philosophy and esthetics**

Music.

**Phrase-books**

Shorthand.

**Physiology**

Botany; Music.

**Pictorial works**

Zoology; Birds; Marine fauna; France—History. *cf.* Iconography; Pictures, illustrations, etc.; Portraits, caricatures, etc.; Description and travel—Views (p. 8); Description—Views (p. 16); Social life and customs—Illustrations (p. 13, 18) (*cf. also* Bible—Pictorial illustrations; Bible—Picture Bibles)

**Pictures, illustrations, etc.**

Names of animals.

**Plans**

Insurance, Life.

**Plans, Architectural. *See* Designs and plans****Poetry**

Musicians; U. S.—Hist.—Civil war; U. S.—Hist.—Revolution, etc.

**Political and social conditions**

Jews.

**Popular works**Homeopathy; Dentistry. *cf.* Juvenile and popular literature.**Portraits**Indians of North America; France—Hist.; Musicians; Artists; Kings and rulers; names of individuals, *e. g.* Milton. *cf.* Iconography.**Portraits, caricatures, etc.**Names of certain individuals, *e. g.* Napoleon.**Power utilization**

Hudson River; Rhone River.

**Practice**

Medicine; Homeopathy.

**Prayer-books and devotions**

Churches and denominations.

**Pre-Linnean works**

Botany; Natural history; Zoology.

**Premiums**

Insurance, Fire; Insurance, Life.

**Prevention**

Accidents; Collisions at sea; Typhoid fever.

**Preventive inoculation**Names of contagious diseases, *e. g.* Plague, Typhoid fever, etc.**Prices**

Art; Art objects; Books; Manuscripts; Pictures.

**Private collections**

Art.

**Problems, exercises, etc.**

Scientific and technical subjects.

**Promotions. *See* Appointments, promotions, salaries, etc.****Psychology**

Art; Music.

**Quotations, maxims, etc.**

Music.

**Rate-books**

Lumber.

**Rates**

Railroads; Shipping; Postal service.

**Rates and tables**

Insurance, Fire; Insurance, Life; etc.

**Record and correspondence files**

Railroads.

FOUND

APR 4 1930

UNIVERSITY OF  
LINDSEY